		3.	A contract can be discharged by
(6.1	rages) Reg. No.:		(a) Mutual agreement and performance
Cc	de No.: 32161 E Sub. Code: EMCO 22		(b) Lapse of time and operation of law
			(c) Breach of contract
B.C	om. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 2024		(d) All of these
	Second Semester		
	Commerce — Core	4.	If the performance of contract becomes impossible because the subject matter of contract has cease.
	BUSINESS LAW		to exist then
	(For those who joined in July 2023 onwards)		(a) Both the parties are liable
Tin	e: Three hours Maximum: 75 marks		(b) Only offerer is liable
	PART A $-$ (10 \times 1 = 10 marks)		(c) Neither party is liable
	Answer ALL questions.		(d) Only acceptor is liable
	Choose the correct answer.		I the indomnifie
1.	Agreement with a minor on	5.	In a contract of indemnity, if the indemnifie
	attaining the age of maturity. (a) is invalid (b) cannot be ratified		(a) The indemnified must compensate the indemnifier for any loss suffered
	(c) is illegal (d) is voidable	y	(b) The indemnifier must compensate th
2.	is the legal term for a contract that is enforceable by law but lacks some legal element,		indemnified for any loss suffered
	making it voidable by one or more parties.		(c) The contract is terminated
	(a) Void contract (b) Unenforceable contract		(d) Both parties are released from the obligations
	(c) Valid contract		obligations.
	(d) Voidable contract	10000	Page 2 Code No.: 32161
		0	
	A guarantee is given for series of transaction is	10.	
	called as guarantee.		only when
	(a) General guarantee	а	(a) he is not in possession of the goods
	(b) Continuous guarantee		(b) he is in possession of the goods
	(c) Implied guarantee		(c) he has delivered the goods to the Carrie
		. 2	Transporter
			(d) he has delivered the goods to the Buyer
Ļ	bailment. is not a party involved in a		PART B — $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$
	(a) Bailor (b) Bailee		Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
	(c) Buyer (d) Lienor		Each answer should not exceed 250 words.
			The state of the s
e .	In a pledge, is the party delivering the property as security for a debt or obligation.	11.	(a) When does an offer does comes to an en- Explain with examples.
	(a) Pledgee (b) Pledger		Or
	(c) Assignor (d) Lienor	3	(b) Who is competent to contract?
			The state of the s
	In a contract of sale, the seller is	12.	(a) Demonstrate the remedies available to

providing the goods for sale

seeking financial security for a debt

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seeking compensation for loss or damage

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(b)

(c)

(d)

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Or

tender of performance.

Bring out the essential requisites of a valid

 (a) Identify the contract of Indemnity and rights of Indemnity holders.

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- (b) What is continuing guarantee? When and how is it revoked?
- 14. (a) Describe the rights and duties of Pawnee.

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- (b) Distinguish between 'general lien' and 'particular lien'.
- (a) Define the term 'Goods' and 'Price' under the Sale of goods Act.

Or

(b) Explain the essential elements of a contract of sale.

PART C - $(5 \times 8 = 40 \text{ marks})$

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

 (a) Describe the essential elements of a valid contract.

Or

(b) Specify whether free consent is necessary for a contract.

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17. (a) Explain the various ways in which a contract may be discharged?

Or

- (b) What is assignment of contract? Explain the rules relating to assignment of contractual obligations.
- 18. (a) Define Guarantee. Describe the different types of Guarantees.

Or

- Elaborate the various modes of discharge of surety.
- 19. (a) Who is called as bailor? What are the duties and rights of bailor?

Or

- (b) Explain the requisite essentials of valid pledge.
- (a) Elaborate the conditions implied by law in a contract for the sale of goods.

Or

(b) Discuss the various rights of an unpaid seller.

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